



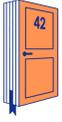
# Medicine in Britain

## Key Words



### c1250-c1500: Medieval England

<b>Supernatural explanation</b>	
<b>Religious explanation</b>	
<b>Theory of the Four Humours</b>	
<b>Miasma theory</b>	
<b>Galen</b>	
<b>Prevention</b>	
<b>Treatment</b>	
<b>Bloodletting</b>	
<b>Purging</b>	
<b>Physician</b>	
<b>Apothecary</b>	
<b>Barber surgeon</b>	
<b>Black Death (1348-49)</b>	
<b>Herbal remedies</b>	



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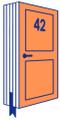


### c1500–c1700: Early Modern England

Thomas Sydenham	
Diagnosis	
Printing press	
Dissection	
Royal Society	
Vesalius	
William Harvey	
Great Plague (1665)	
Plague doctors	

### c1700–c1900: Eighteenth- & Nineteenth-Century Britain

Germ Theory	
Louis Pasteur	
Robert Koch	
Florence Nightingale	
Anaesthetics	



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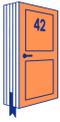


### c1700–c1900: Eighteenth- & Nineteenth-Century Britain

<b>Antiseptics</b>	
<b>Vaccination</b>	
<b>Public Health Act (1875)</b>	
<b>John Snow</b>	

### c1900–present: Modern Britain

<b>Genetics</b>	
<b>Lifestyle factors</b>	
<b>Blood tests</b>	
<b>NHS</b>	
<b>Antibiotics</b>	
<b>Mass vaccination</b>	
<b>Lifestyle campaigns</b>	
<b>Lung cancer treatment</b>	



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## Key Words



### Western Front, 1914–18: Historic Environment

<b>Trench system</b>	
<b>Frontline trench</b>	
<b>Support trench</b>	
<b>Terrain</b>	
<b>Transport and communications</b>	
<b>Trench conditions</b>	
<b>Rifle wound</b>	
<b>Shrapnel</b>	
<b>Gas attack</b>	
<b>RAMC</b>	
<b>Chain of evacuation</b>	
<b>Stretcher bearer</b>	
<b>Casualty Clearing Station</b>	
<b>Thomas splint</b>	
<b>Mobile X-ray unit</b>	